

Stak Scheme updates

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Stak Scheme

- A bytecode compiler and virtual machine (VM) for Scheme
 - The compiler is written in Scheme.
 - The VM is written in Rust.
- It implements the R7RS-small standard.

Floating-point numbers

Floating-point number literals

- Bytecode used to pack a sign, an exponent, and a mantissa into one integer.
 - The integer must fit in the 52-bit mantissa of `f64` .
 - Some VMs represent all numbers as `f64` .
 - Mantissas were limited to 38 bits (~11 decimal digits).
- Now, a mantissa is encoded as a separate integer.
 - Literals keep their full 53-bit mantissas.

Decimal representation

- `number->string` now prints digits up to the precision of each number.

Expression	Old	New
<code>(write 3.141592653589793)</code>	<code>3.141592654</code>	<code>3.141592653589793</code>
<code>(write 0.1234567890123456)</code>	<code>0.12345679</code>	<code>0.1234567890123456</code>

- Other fixes
 - `round` with large numbers
 - Division by zero in the `integer` and `62-bit float` configurations

I/O

I/O

- New I/O benchmarks on CodSpeed
 - In-memory ports and files
 - ASCII and UTF-8 strings
- UTF-8 encoding and decoding in ports rewritten
 - `read-string` from files got 3x faster.
- Bug fixes
 - `peek-char` and `peek-u8` reordering pending input
 - UTF-8 strings in `open-input-string`
- `(stak io)` split into byte and character (`(stak io utf8)`) libraries

Library system

Library load paths

- `(import (foo bar))` loads `foo/bar.sld` in library load paths.
- `-I` (prepend) and `-A` (append) options from SRFI 138
 - Both in the `stak` and `stak-compile` commands
- `include` in libraries resolves paths relative to their files.
- Circular imports are detected.

Library load paths

```
; lib/foo/bar.sld
(define-library (foo bar)
  (export hello)
  (import (scheme base) (scheme write))
  (begin
    (define (hello)
      (display "Hello, world!")
      (newline))))
```

```
; main.scm
(import (foo bar))

(hello)
```

```
stak -I lib main.scm
```

R7RS compatibility

R7RS compatibility

- `include-library-declarations` syntax (`,` `@` for `include`)
- `cond-expand` with `(library ...)` checks available libraries.
 - It used to check a fixed list of library names.
- `exit` with integers
- Reader
 - Datum comments
 - Hexadecimal characters

```
(write '(1 #;2 3)) ; -> (1 3)
(write-char #\x3bb) ; -> λ
```

snow-chibi

- A request for snow-chibi support
 - `snow-chibi install --impls=stak '(srfi 180)'`
- Packages on [snow-fort](#) need the features above.
- Remaining
 - Default library directories
 - `cond-expand` in `define-library`

Compiler on Gauche

- The compiler is written in portable R7RS.
 - CI compiles all Scheme files with Chibi Scheme, Gauche, Guile, and Stak Scheme, and compares their bytecode byte by byte.
- Gauche crashed on the compiler for a year.
 - A bug in its `inline-locals` optimization with nested closures
 - [Reported](#) and fixed upstream on October 4
 - CI uses `gosh -fno-inline-locals` until the next release.

Future work

Future work

- `snow-chibi` support
 - Default library directories
 - `cond-expand` in `define-library`
- Big integers

Big integers?

- Investigated with AI
 - Bignums as ribs with an unused type tag
 - Arithmetic implemented in Scheme
- Options
 - An opt-in `(stak bignum)` library: zero cost for other programs
 - Transparent promotion with overflow checks in Scheme: 1.6-2.5x slower arithmetic
 - Primitives calling Scheme procedures on overflow: no cost on the fast path
- The numeric tower is still the final boss.

Summary

- The full R7RS-small compatibility is near! 🚀